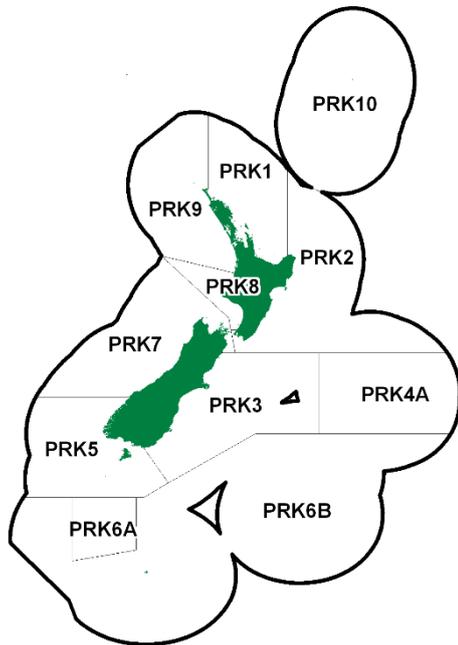


**PRAWN KILLER (PRK)**

*(Ibacus alticrenatus)*



**1. FISHERY SUMMARY**

**1.1 Commercial fisheries**

Prawn killer (*Ibacus alticrenatus*) was introduced into the Quota Management System on 1 October 2007, with a combined TAC of 37.4 t and TACC of 36 t. There are no allowances for customary non-commercial or recreational fisheries, and 1.4 t was allowed for other sources of mortality. Almost all prawn killer are taken as a bycatch in the scampi target bottom trawl fishery in SCI 1 and SCI 2. Reported catches in PRK 1 have a maximum of 42 t in 1992–93. Landings in PRK 2 are minimal with a maximum of 8 t in 2002–03 (Table 1). Landings are minimal to non-existent in other QMAs. Years with higher landings coincide with years in which the scampi fleet fished at shallower depths than usual. They can be legally discarded under Schedule 6 of the Fisheries Act but it is still likely that reported catches are lower than actual catches due to non-reporting.

**Table 1: TACCs and reported landings (t) of Prawn killer by Fishstock from 1990–91 until the present from CELR and CLR data. FMAs are shown as defined in 2007–08. [Continued on next page].**

Fishstock	PRK 1		PRK 2		PRK 3		PRK 4A		PRK 5		PRK 6A	
	Landings	TACC										
1990–91	11.59	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
1991–92	3.34	-	0.48	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
1992–93	42.24	-	6.86	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
1993–94	10.95	-	0.03	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
1994–95	0.52	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
1995–96	1.78	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
1996–97	23.13	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
1997–98	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
1998–99	0	-	0.19	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
1999–00	0.08	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
2000–01	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
2001–02	6.05	-	0.37	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
2002–03	20.99	-	8.09	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
2003–04	24.35	-	0.57	-	0.01	-	0.01	-	0	-	0	-
2004–05	3.25	-	1.15	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
2005–06	2.25	-	0.20	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
2006–07	4.6	-	0.10	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
2007–08	5.36	24.5	0.92	3.5	0.01	1	0.02	1	0	1	0	1
2008–09	0.22	24.5	0.08	3.5	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1

## PRAWN KILLER (PRK)

**Table 1 [Continued]**

Fishstock	PRK 1		PRK 2		PRK 3		PRK 4A		PRK 5		PRK 6A	
	Landings	TACC										
2009–10	0.75	24.5	0.03	3.5	0.001	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
2010–11	3.55	24.5	0.08	3.5	0	1	0.002	1	0	1	0	1
2011–12	0.42	24.5	0.17	3.5	0	1	0.001	1	0	1	0	1
2012–13	0.26	24.5	0.02	3.5	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
2013–14	0.098	24.5	0.036	3.5	0	1	0	1	0.001	1	0	1
2014–15	0	24.5	0.039	3.5	0.003	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
2015–16	0.019	24.5	0.066	3.5	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1

Fishstock	PRK 6B		PRK 7		PRK 8		PRK 9		TOTAL	
	Landings	TACC								
1990–91	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	11.58	-
1991–92	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	3.82	-
1992–93	0.02	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	49.12	-
1993–94	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	10.98	-
1994–95	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0.52	-
1995–96	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	1.78	-
1996–97	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	23.13	-
1997–98	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
1998–99	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0.19	-
1999–00	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0.08	-
2000–01	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
2001–02	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	6.42	-
2002–03	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	29.08	-
2003–04	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	24.94	-
2004–05	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	4.40	-
2005–06	0	-	0.01	-	0	-	0.01	-	2.47	-
2006–07	0	-	0.03	-	0	-	0	-	4.73	-
2007–08	0	1	1.2	1	0	1	0	1	7.51	36
2008–09	0	1	0.88	1	0	1	0	1	1.18	36
2009–10	0	1	0.48	1	0	1	0	1	1.27	36
2010–11	0	1	0.69	1	0.008	1	0	1	4.33	36
2011–12	0	1	0.73	1	0.004	1	0	1	1.32	36
2012–13	0	1	0.60	1	0.006	1	0.01	1	0.896	36
2013–14	0	1	0.66	1	0.007	1	0.145	1	0.942	36
2014–15	0	1	1	1	0.001	1	0	1	1.041	36
2015–16	0	1	1.66	1	0.013	1	0.023	1	1.781	36

### 1.2 Recreational fisheries

Given the depths and locations at which prawn killer are found recreational catch is likely to be negligible or non-existent.

### 1.3 Customary non-commercial fisheries

Given the depths and locations at which prawn killer are found customary catch is likely to be negligible or non-existent.

### 1.4 Illegal catch

No quantitative information is available on the level of illegal catch of prawn killer. Given the low value and lack of markets illegal catches are unlikely.

### 1.5 Other sources of mortality

There is no quantitative information on other sources of mortality, although analysis of benthic invertebrate samples and the distribution of trawl tows in the Bay of Plenty (PRK 1) suggests that this species is negatively affected by trawling.

## 2. BIOLOGY

*Ibacus alticrenatus* is widely distributed around the New Zealand coast, principally in depths of 80–300 m. Prawn killers are found on soft sediment seafloors, where they dig into the substrate and cover themselves with sediment.

There is not much information about growth and development of *I. alticrenatus* in New Zealand waters, but females are thought to mature at a carapace length of about 40 mm. Trawl surveys of the Bay of 1050

Plenty and Hawke Bay and Wairarapa regions have found maximum carapace length of 46 and 52 mm for males and females respectively. Information from Australia suggests that this species has relatively low fecundity (1 700–14 800 eggs, increasing with size) and spawns annually. Larval development takes 4–6 months, an intermediate duration for a Scyllarid lobster. Females of other *Ibacus* species reach maturity about two years after settlement and longevity is suggested to be five years or more. No ageing work has been carried out on prawn killer in either New Zealand or Australia.

The following species may also be caught as bycatch of the prawn killer catch – *Ibacus brucei*, *Antipodarctus aoteanus*, and *Scyllarus mawsoni* (which is thought to be rare).

### 3. STOCKS AND AREAS

For management purposes stock boundaries are based on those used for scampi. There is no biological information on stock structure, recruitment patterns, or other biological characteristics which might indicate stock boundaries, but there are three main fishing areas where they are caught: Bay of Plenty, and to a lesser extent Hawke Bay and Wairarapa and the upper west coast of the South Island. The lack of prawn killer bycatch in the scampi target fisheries on the Mernoo Bank (PRK 3) and around the Auckland Islands (PRK 6A) would suggest the prawn killer numbers are very low to non-existent south of the three main areas described above and they probably prefer warmer waters.

### 4. STOCK ASSESSMENT

#### 4.1 Estimates of fishery parameters and abundance

There are no estimates of fishery parameters or abundance for any prawn killer fishstock. Sporadic and varying catches by the scampi fleet mean that development of reliable CPUE indices are not possible.

#### 4.2 Biomass estimates

There are no reliable biomass estimates for any prawn killer fishstock. Combined trawl and photographic surveys for scampi in the Bay of Plenty (PRK 1) and Hawke Bay and Wairarapa (PRK 2) are the only trawl surveys that catch prawn killer regularly. Prawn killer biomass estimates from these surveys are variable from year to year and high coefficients of variation. The focus of these surveys has changed over the years to focus more on photographic work and not all strata have been surveyed in all years.

#### 4.3 Yield estimates and projections

There are no estimates of *MCY* or *CAY* for any prawn killer fishstock.

### 5. STATUS OF THE STOCKS

There are no estimates of reference or current biomass for any prawn killer fishstock. It is not known whether prawn killer stocks are at, above, or below a level that can produce *MSY*.

### 6. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

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